



1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA
3 SOUTH BEND DIVISION

Volume: 1 Pages: 98 Exhibits: 7

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff

6

vs.

Docket No. 590-00056

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CONSOLIDATED RAIL CORPORATION, a/k/a CONRAIL,

Defendant and Third Party Plaintiff

PENN CENTRAL CORPORATION, et al, Third Party Defendants.

VS.

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DEPOSITION of DAVID B. URBAN, a witness called by and on behalf of the Defendant, taken pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, before Cynthia F. Stutz, Court Reporter and Notary Public in and for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, at the offices of Bingham, Dana & Gould, 150 Federal Street, Boston, Massachusetts, on Monday, September 27, 1993, commencing at 1:08 o'clock p.m.

#### APPEARANCES:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (By STEVEN C. MASON, ESQ.), Office of Regional Counsel, CS-3T, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, appearing on behalf of the Plaintiff.



Robert H. Lange Co., Inc. Bestin, Massichusetts (617) 523-1874

## A P P E A R A N C E S CONTINUED:

Bingham, Dana & Gould (By PAUL J. LAMBERT, ESQ.), 2550 M Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., appearing on behalf of the Defendant, Conrail.

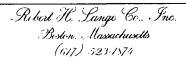
Goodwin, Procter & Hoar (By CHRISTOPHER P. DAVIS, ESQ.), Exchange Place, Boston, Massachusetts, appearing on behalf of the Third Party Defendant, Gemeinhardt

Frost & Jacobs (By PIERCE E. CUNNINGHAM, ESQ.), 2500 Central Trust Center, 201 East Fifty Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, appearing on behalf of the Third Party Defendant, Penn Central Corp.



1	I N D E X	
2	WITNESS: DIRECT CROSS REDIRECT	RECROSS
3		
4	David Urban 5	•
5	EXHIBITS: DESCRIPTION	PAGE
6		
7	1 Notice	5
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. 9	3 Summary Report dated 1/92	4 4
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# PROCEEDINGS

MR. DAVIS: I'm Christopher Davis.
I represent third party defendant Gemeinhardt
Company. Gemeinhardt has designated David Urban,
who works for the firm of ENSR Consulting and
Engineering to testify in response to both of the
deposition notices of Conrail dated September 15,
1993. As to the first notice, Mr. Urban is
knowledgeable about some of the matters,
including the work of ENSR on behalf of
Gemeinhardt at the site and the reports they've
issued. As to the second notice, we're
designating Mr. Urban on the subject of some of
Gemeinhardt's response actions taken pursuant to
the E.P.A. orders and the other witness we're
producing tomorrow will also deal with both of
those subjects, but different aspects of them.
MR. CUNNINGHAM: Chris, could we

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Chris, could we have the spelling of David's last name?

THE WITNESS: U-r-b-a-n.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you.

MR. LAMBERT: Let me ask that the two notices of deposition be marked Urban Exhibits 1 and 2.



1	*0* (Urban Exhibit Nos. 1 & 2,
2	marked for identification.)
3	* * * *
4	Whereupon:
5	DAVID B. URBAN,
6	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
7	testified as follows:
8	*0* DIRECT EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. LAMBERT:
L 0	Q. Mr. Urban, where are you employed,
11	please?
12	A. ENSR Consulting and Engineering.
13	Q. Where are you based?
14	A. In Acton, Massachusetts.
1,5	Q. ENSR was formerly known as ERT?
16	A. That's correct.
1 7 <sup>`</sup>	Q. When did you first become involved with
18	the Gemeinhardt plant in Elkhart, Indiana?
19	A. My involvement began in 1989.
2 0	Q. Are you still involved today?
21	A. Yes, I am.
2 2	Q. What is the role that you play?
2 3	A. I am the project manager for ENSR's
2 4	activities.



1	Q. Were you pr	oject manager in 1989, as
2	well?	
3	A. Yes, I was.	
4	Q. Did you hav	e any connection with the
5	Gemeinhardt facility	prior to 1989?
6	A. No, I did n	ot.
7	Q. What's your	profession?
8	A. I am a chem	ical engineer by training.
9	Been working in envi	ronmental engineering for
10	approximately eighte	en years.
11	Q. Where are y	ou from, your degrees?
12	A. I have a B.	S. in chemical engineering
13	from the University	of Connecticut, received in
14	1975.	·
15	Q. Any other d	egrees?
16	A. No.	
17	Q. My understa	nding is that ENSR or ERT
18	before them had been	, have been involved at the
19	Gemeinhardt site sin	ce about 1984, perhaps even
20	earlier than that.	Do you know when ENSR or ER
21	first became involve	d in the site?
22	A. I do not kn	ow exactly, but 1984 sounds
23	approximately correct	t.



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MR. DAVIS: Paul, I think you may

find it's later. My recollection, although it's not my deposition, is that it was 1985 since the matter first arose, Christmas of 1984.

BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Who were your predecessors as project manager, do you know?
- A. There were other people involved. I took over for Carol Bois, B-o-i-s and other people that had been in management roles, Ruth Krumhansel. K-r-u-m-h-a-n-s-e-l I believe is the spelling.
  - Q. Could you say it again, please?
  - A. K-r-u-m-h-a-n-s-e-l and Jeff Lawson.
  - Q. Could you spell that, please?
  - A. L-a-w-s-o-n.
- Q. Who was the project manager that you succeeded?
  - A. Carol Bois.
- Q. Do you know how long she was project manager?
  - A. No, I do not know exactly.
  - Q. Can you give me an estimate?
- A. I would guess probably a year and a half, maybe two years.



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- Ο. Prior to the beginning of 1988? 1 I took over in mid 1989, so I don't know exactly when she started working at ENSR, but I 3 guess my answer is I do not know exactly when. 5 Are you familiar with the work that ENSR did prior to the time that you took over as 7 project manager? I'm familiar with the work from the 8 results that were published in the reports that 10 were issued and also with discussions with some 11 of the people that worked on the project. 12 Ο. Mr. Urban, I'm sorry, I was distracted. You said you had reviewed the reports that were 13 14 written with respect to the facility?
  - Α. That's correct.
  - Have you reviewed them recently?
  - Α. Yes, I did.
  - Have you spoken with anyone other than Mr. Davis in preparation for the deposition?
  - Yes, I've spoken to some people that Α. were involved with the project.
    - Who were they?
  - Michael Moore of ENSR, Daniel Akin of I don't recall anyone else.



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1	Q. Did you speak with Carol Bois?
2	A. No, I did not.
3	Q. You mentioned a woman named Ruth
4	Krumhansel?
5	A. That is correct.
6	Q. What was her job?
7	A. I do not know exactly. I, from past
8	correspondence, I would gather that she was the
9	project manager because of her invoice letters,
. 0	her monthly reports. She signed those. She is
11	no longer with ENSR.
L 2	Q. Who was Mr. Lawson?
L 3	A. He also I do not know Mr. Lawson.
L <b>4</b>	He was a former ERT employee who I have not met
L 5	and have not talked to. He, again, he signed
L 6	certain letters and I, from that information and
L 7	I heard his name mentioned also with some of the
L 8	activities that went on. He had some level of
L 9	responsibility for the project.
2 0	Q. Are you ENSR's liaison to the client?
21	A. That's correct.
2 2	Q. Who is the client?
23	A. The person I'm working, with his name is
2 4	Joseph Horowitz, H-o-r-o-w-i-t-z Z.



1 Q. Where is he? 2 Α. He works for CBS, Inc. 3 Ο. Is there a project hydrogeologist today? Α. There is no one that is designated as the project hydrogeologist. The person who has 5 been, who has been responsible for the hydrogeology for the most part at ENSR was Michael Moore. 9 I couldn't hear his last name. 10 Michael Moore, M-o-o-r-e. Α. 11 Ο. Do you know how long he's had that 12 responsibility? 13 I do not know exactly, but he, I believe he was involved near the beginning of ENSR's 14 15 involvement, if not at the beginning, so possibly 16 since 1985. Q. Is there someone at ENSR who has 17 18 responsibility now for work relating to modeling? 19 There has not been any one person 20 designated for the modeling work. It --21 quess that's my answer. 22 Is there one particular person who's 23 primarily responsible for them?



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There have been a few people that have

worked on the modeling. A person named Mark

Schaefer, S-c-h-a-e-f-e-r, and a person named

David Schafer, S-c-h-a-f-e-r and a woman named

Monique Villars, V-i-l-l-a-r-s have all been

involved with the modeling.

Q. Have they all been involved since you

became involved with the site?

A. Mark Schaefer was involved before I

- A. Mark Schaefer was involved before I became involved and the other two have been involved since I became involved.
- Q. Is there someone at ENSR who interfaces with the U.S. EPA or with the IDEM?
  - A. Yes.
  - O. Who is that?
  - A. That is me.
- Q. Since you have been involved with this project have you, on behalf of ENSR, submitted various reports to either or both of EPA and/or IDEM?
  - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Have they been submitted pursuant to some order or other requirement?
- A. They were submitted pursuant to two consent orders that were issued for the site.



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Were reports provided by ENSR to EPA and 1 Ο. 2 IDEM prior to your being appointed project 3 manager? Α. Yes: 5 Were they also submitted pursuant to the 6 two orders that you mentioned? Yes. 7 Α. As far as you're aware, have all of the 8 9 reports that have been submitted to EPA and IDEM 10 fairly reflected ENSR's views with respect to the 11 matters that are discussed in them? 12 Α. Yes, they have. 13 And has the data that has been contained 14 in the reports been accurate except where 15 questions with respect to the data are contained

in the report or otherwise noted?

- I have no reason to believe otherwise. Α.
- Is it correct that you intended that the reports that were furnished to IDEM and EPA will be relied upon those two agencies in connection with their supervision with the performance under the orders?

Objection, leading. MR. DAVIS: Also definition of the term reliance.



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# BY MR. LAMBERT: Q. Go ahead. A. Could you repeat the question, please?

orders?

Q. Yeah. When you and your colleagues submitted reports to EPA and IDEM with respect to the project, was it your understanding that EPA and IDEM would rely upon the contents of the report in connection with their supervision of Gemeinhardt's or CBS's performance under the

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$  DAVIS: Restate the same objection.

THE WITNESS: I, I, I haven't thought about it. I would guess that EPA and IDEM would use that information to evaluate the site.

### BY MR. LAMBERT:

Q. One of the purposes of the reports was to inform EPA of ENSR's views with respect to the site, is that correct?

MR. DAVIS: Objection, leading. You may answer.

THE WITNESS: The intent is to present ENSR's data and evaluation of that data.



#### BY MR. LAMBERT:

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- Q. When you first became project manager were you aware that the rail yard that's north of the Gemeinhardt facility was either on the National Priorities List of a candidate for inclusion on the National Priorities List?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. How did you become aware of that?
- A. It is stated in some of the reports that the rail yard is north of the site. That was one place where I learned. And in other conversations with people involved with this site, it was brought to my attention.
- Q. When you say that there was a reference to the rail yard in reports, are you referring to prior ENSR reports?
  - A. Yes, prior ENSR reports.
- Q. When you have submitted reports to U.S. EPA and/or IDEM has it been ENSR's practice to submit them first to its client for its review?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. To your knowledge has ENSR ever submitted a report that was not first reviewed by the client?



Α. Yes.

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- Can you tell me which report that was?
- Α. The reports I would be referring to would be the monthly reports that were issued on a monthly basis of month that I was project manager and previous to that.
- Apart from the monthly reports, there any reports that you're aware of that were not first shown to the client?
  - Α. No.
- Were there any reports that were submitted to EPA or IDEM other than monthly reports that had not been approved by the client prior to submission?
  - Α. No.
- Have you had any involvement in connection with a search for or investigation of other potential sources of contamination in the Gemeinhardt area other than Gemeinhardt itself?
  - I'm sorry, can you repeat the question?
- Have you had any involvement 0. Sure. personally in connection with the investigation or search for other sources of contamination in the Gemeinhardt area other than the facility



itself?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Can you tell me what you have been involved in?
- A. We looked for a site for the treatment facility and we did some -- Actually, we sampled some existing wells and analyzed for pollutants to understand the nature of the ground water in the area where we were going to build the treatment plant.
- Q. Was that work done with the objective of finding other sources of contamination or simply to be aware of them prior to the time that you installed the treatment facility?
  - A. As I recall, it was to be aware of them.
- Q. Since you have been project manager has ENSR identified any additional sources of contamination in the Gemeinhardt area?
- A. Since I've been project manager the analyses that we've done have been within the plume area other within, where the treatment plant was located and we have not, to my knowledge, identified anything that was specifically other than the Gemeinhardt



contamination.

- Q. There is reference in several of the ENSR reports to the likely existence of a source of TCA contamination where Emerson Musical Instruments was once located?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Are you familiar with those references?
  - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Apart from Emerson Musical Instruments, assuming for the moment that it is a source of contamination, has ENSR identified by specific location any other sources of contamination within the Gemeinhardt area?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Can you tell me what they are, please?
- A. I do not know the specific source, but the results of the investigation, from the results of the investigation maps were drawn showing contamination in the area and some of the contamination was outside of the so-called Gemeinhardt plume.
- Q. Were any of those areas of contamination ever linked to specific facilities or to specific causes other than the one that was linked to



#### Emerson?

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- A. I do not recall.
- Q. Do you recall that various of the reports do make reference to Emerson Music as a potential additional source?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Can you tell us what evidence ENSR collected tending to show that there was a source of contamination at that facility?
- A. Yes. At the monitoring wells near the Emerson property, there was one monitoring well in the up gradient side of the building and monitoring wells down gradient and these monitoring wells showed elevated levels of the chlorinated compounds of concern, TCE and TCA.
  - Q. Was TCE present as well as TCA?
  - A. To my knowledge, yes.
- Q. Apart from that data, was any other data collected or reviewed by ENSR in connection with its determination that Emerson represented an additional source?
- A. I guess if you can clarify what you mean by any other data.
  - Q. Besides the data from the two monitoring



wells that you mentioned.

MR. DAVIS: This is to his knowledge, since he was involved?

MR. LAMBERT: Well, I don't know what he -- I presume he's testifying on behalf of whatever information or testifying with respect to whatever information ENSR collected at any point. He's the only ENSR person that's being produced, I take it, so I presume he's going to tell us what ENSR as an organization knows about the situation.

MR. DAVIS: Yeah, to the best of his knowledge.

THE WITNESS: To the best of my knowledge, the Emerson facility was also involved with metal manufacturing, I believe it was musical instruments also and the processes were similar. I believe they were similar and therefore, the potential for similar types of discharge of materials was there.

### BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. How long was the Emerson plant in operation?
  - A. That I do not know.



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1	Q. Do you have, did you have any
2	information that Emerson actually used either TCE
3 .	or TCA?
4	A. I do not have that information.
5	MR. DAVIS: Maybe I can point
6	something out here. I think there was work done
7	by ENSR probably for our office before Mr. Urban
8	got involved that looked at things like that. So
9	it may be that it was done prior to his
10	involvement and he wasn't aware of some of it.
11	MR. LAMBERT: Okay.
12	MR. DAVIS: I just don't want the
13	record to be misleading that ENSR never looked
14	into certain aspects of it.
15	BY MR. LAMBERT:
16	Q. Yeah, okay. I'm just trying to get a
17	sense of what it is exactly that ENSR did. So we
18	can try to evaluate
19	MR. DAVIS: To the extent he does.
20	It's possible he doesn't know everything that
21	ENSR did from 1985 to 1989, that's all.
22	MR. LAMBERT: Okay.
23	BY MR. LAMBERT:
24	Q. Well, you have mentioned that they were



a metal manufacturing facility similar to

Gemeinhardt. You mentioned that they were, you

thought there were elevated levels in a well

immediately down gradient of the Emerson

facility. Was there anything else that, is there

anything else that you can think of that

supported the conclusion that Emerson was a

source of contamination in the area?

- A. It was documented in the reports that the contamination was noted and that the potential source, the Emerson or the CBA property, as it also may be referred to. As far as the actual activities of how that information was gathered, I do not know the details.
- Q. Do you know whether any soil samples were ever taken on the Emerson property?
  - A. I'm not aware of soil samples taken.
- Q. Do you know whether anyone ever interviewed anyone in connection with Emerson operations?
- A. I believe ENSR did interview the owner of the property. His name was Rex Rife and in talking to Mike Moore, he told me that he knew of him and talked to him. So therefore, I would



gather that he talked to Mr. Rife about his activities on the site.

- Q. Did Mr. Moore tell you what Mr. Rife had told him concerning activities on the site?
  - A. I don't recall.
- Q. Have you ever seen anything in the ENSR files relating to the discussion with Mr. Rife?
  - A. I don't recall.
- Q. Since you have been project manager has anything been done in order to further investigate whether or not there is or was a source of contamination at the CBA or Emerson property and if so, to try to understand the nature of the source and its magnitude?
- A. The sequence of wells was such that from, in my interpretation of the reports, a source of contamination was apparent and additional monitoring wells were installed sequentially to help to define the source and the extent of contamination.
  - Q. From the CBA property?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. We're using CBA and Emerson interchangeably.



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. 1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Why don't we try and use CBA?
3	A. Okay.
4	MR. DAVIS: Emerson's back.
5	BY MR. LAMBERT:
6	Q. Do you remember which wells were
7	installed in order to assess the extent of the
8	Emerson plume or the CBA plume?
9	A. Well Number 7 is in the front yard,
10	which is just up gradient of the building. Well
11	Number 10 at the northwest side of the building.
12	Q. Is that a down?
13	A. Which is down gradient.
14	Q. Okay.
15	A. And Well Nest Number 18 is also down
16	gradient, several hundred feet down gradient.
17	Q. Any others?
18	A. There were other well nests installed
19	further down gradient that include, as I recall,
20	would include Well Nest 11, 13, 17.
21	Q. But 10 and 18 were installed
22	specifically for the purpose of evaluating the
23	extent of the plume from Emerson?



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Α.

That's my understanding. I was not

involved with the actual decision-making process.

- Q. Apart from that work, has anything been done since you have been project manager to better understand the nature of that source or its extent?
  - A. No.

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- Q. To your knowledge has ENSR or anyone else working with ENSR collected information relating to the amount of volatile organic chemicals that were discharged or released from the Emerson facility?
  - A. I do not know.
- Q. How about the concentration of materials that were released from the Emerson facility?
  - A. I dot do not know.
- Q. Or the time period over which they were released?
- A. I am not certain, but I believe there is some discussion of that in one of the ENSR reports, but I'm not certain.
- Q. Besides ENSR there was another company who was involved on behalf of the, I guess it's on behalf of CBS or Gemeinhardt, I'm not sure which, on this project, is that correct?



1	A. les.
2	Q. What company is that?
3	A. EIS Environmental Engineers.
4	Q. Can you explain that what their role is
5	vis-a-vis yours, vis-a-vis ENSR's?
6	A. ENSR is the consulting engineer for the
7	site. EIS serves a role as a local consultant,
8	local engineering firm for the client.
9	Q. Who does the planning with respect to
10	the project?
11	A. The duties have been shared for the site
12	investigation. ENSR has been the primary planner
13	working with the client.
14	Q. Who's been responsible for the
15	interpretation of data?
16	A. ENSR has been responsible.
17	Q. And has ENSR been responsible for the
18	modeling, as well?
19	A. That's correct.
20	Q. From whenever it was that ENSR first
21	became involved until today, there have been
22	various field investigations done at or around
23	the Gemeinhardt facility, is that correct?
24	A. Yes.



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1	Q. Can you give me your best understanding
2	of what they were in a sequential way? In other
3	words, what was the first field work, what came
4	after that? I'm not interested in reports right
5	now, just in actual investigations in the field.
6	A. The work that was done going back to
7	This is before ENSR's time?
8	Q. Back to when?
9	A. Before ENSR's time?
10	Q. Yes, as much as you know. I'd just lik

- Yes, as much as you know. to get an overview.
- The history of the project as summarized in some of the reports is that back in the early 1980's, there was a concern about elevated levels of volatile organics in wells nearby. also a concern about the wastewater discharge from the Gemeinhardt facility.

Private wells were sampled in the area extending down gradient from the Gemeinhardt site. I believe those private well investigations extended probably as far as, if not a little bit farther than the current location of Recovery Well Number 1, which is down Markle Avenue. Elevated levels of VOC's were



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found in these wells.

At that point it was decided that these residents and businesses would be provided with clean water. I believe it was originally with bottled water and then eventually with new water mains being installed in the area.

- Q. Who paid for that work?
- A. I believe EPA originally paid for it and was reimbursed by CBS -- I should say by Gemeinhardt. At that time it's Gemeinhardt paid for that work. Then ENSR became involved in determining the nature of the contamination and the extent of the plume and was involved in the field investigations, installing monitoring wells.

A total of forty-three wells were installed over the course of time. Eighteen well nests were installed. Some of the well nests had two wells, some had five wells. The nests were installed at various locations along the presumed plume location and also to areas up gradient and to the side of the estimated location of the plume.

As these well nests were installed



and data were gathered, the nature and extent of the plume became better defined and additional wells were installed, such as Well Nests 17 and 18 were installed much later on in the sequence of events.

- Q. Were 17 and 18 the last monitoring wells installed?
  - A. I believe they were last, yes.
- Q. Apart from whatever data was collected as a result of the installation of monitoring wells, was there any other data relating to either the soil conditions or the ground water conditions in the area of the facility collected by ENSR or EIS working with ENSR?
- A. For all the wells, when the wells are drilled, the geology and hydrogeology of the area is carefully observed and monitored to help define the characteristics of the aquifer. Some tests were done, slug tests to determine the conductivity of the wells, of the aquifer.

Some of this type of information is hydrogeological information. I'm familiar with it. I am not an expert in it. So my explanation may not be entirely correct in the types of



were drilled it was, it's a normal thing for the site investigators to define the characteristics of the aquifer to the extent possible so that as clear a picture as possible can be put together of what the nature of the aquifer is, both from a contamination point of view and hydraulics point of view.

- Q. And that was done in this case?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And the information that was collected from that exercise was accurately reported from the various reports?
  - A. I have no reason to believe otherwise.
- Q. And apart from that work has ENSR or EIS collected any other data pertaining to conditions at Gemeinhardt or in the vicinity of Gemeinhardt? And I'm talking about soil data or ground water data.
- A. At the Gemeinhardt site itself, there was an extensive investigation of soil contamination.
  - Q. When was that done?
  - A. That was, that was done, I believe,



beginning in 1984.

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- Q. It was done in stages?
- A. Yes, it was.
- Q. What were the stages?
- A. There were certain locations at the plant that were identified as problem area, dry wells at the plant where wash waters potentially contaminated with chlorinated solvents were put into these dry wells.
  - Q. About five of them, five dry wells?
- A. Five sounds right. Some of the, I believe three of the dry wells were excavated and I believe that was at the end of 1984, possibly into 1985 where the heaviest contamination was presumed to be. Additional investigation was done on the site. Borings were made of the soil in the area and additional contamination was found, primarily tetrachloroethylene. PCE we can call it.
  - Q. PCE?
- A. I also may refer to it as PERK (phon.), but PCE is the material. That was found at concentrations, I believe as the highest concentration found in the soil borings was 55



milligrams per kilogram.

- Q. So was there a soil investigation done in connection with the removal of the first two or three dry wells?
- A. I can't recall exactly what was done at that time to identify the dry wells as the problem areas.
- Q. Have you seen data that was generated with respect to the contamination associated with the soil that was removed as part of that operation?
- A. I believe I have seen data on that soil. I don't recall exactly which report that would be in.
- Q. And then you said that there was some additional data collected in connection with the removal of the remaining dry wells, is that right?
- A. Additional data collected were the soil that was not removed, remaining soil at the site. The sequence was after the, after the soil samples were taken, then Gemeinhardt undertook a clean up activity which involved soil vapor extraction to remove residual contamination from



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1 the soil at the site. 2 Q. And that was primarily PCE? Α. 3 That is correct. Did it also include TCE and TCA? 0. 5 The data that I saw showed very low levels of those materials. 6 7 0. Apart from the data that was collected in connection with those two projects, are you aware of any other instance in which data with 9 10 respect to either soil or ground water was collected by ENSR or by some contractor working 11 under its supervision? 12 13 I guess I would say that one area that was not, that I did not mention was in the start 14 up of the ground water recovery treatment system, 15 16 we did analyze the water. Was that data reported somewhere? 17 Ο. 18 Α. Yes, it was. Where is it reported? 19 20 In the monthly report of, I believe, 21 January 1993. 22 MR. LAMBERT: Chris, do you know



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MR. DAVIS: I don't think we

whether that was provided to us?

produced the monthly reports. I don't think it's 2 obvious to me that that was within the scope of the document request, but they're certainly 3 publically available and we can provide some or 4 all of them, because there's a lot. These things 5 went way back, to 1985. 6 7 MR. LAMBERT: Well, if it relates to the response action, then I think it's 8 9 probably within the scope of the document 10 request. 11 MR. DAVIS: Okay. 12. MR. LAMBERT: I presume that that's 13 part of the response action. MR. DAVIS: They were required 14 15 under the EPA order, the first one. MR. LAMBERT: 16 Right. MR. DAVIS: You'd like all of 17 18 them? MR. LAMBERT: I guess so, but 19 2.0 particularly as soon as possible anything that contains data with respect to the ground water 21 that was sampled in connection with start up of 22

BY MR. LAMBERT:

the extraction system.



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Q. When did the extraction system start up?

- A. December of 1992.
- We'll come back to that. Let me just make sure that my list is complete at this In terms of data that's been collected, you talked about data that has been collected from monitoring wells installed by ENSR or under its supervision, you have mentioned geological type information that was collected in connection with the installation of the monitoring wells, you have mentioned sampling done of wells in the vicinity that were not installed by ENSR or EIS, you have mentioned soil analysis that was done in connection with two different response actions. Is there anything else you can think that of that was undertaken by ENSR or EIS that resulted in the generation of either soil or ground water data?

A. There were additional samples from the existing wells that were taken and analyzed subsequent to the 1988 report.

MR. DAVIS: Paul. Let me just point out that the witness tomorrow, who is from EIS, was also involved in early sampling and



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analytical report. I don't know to what extent Mr. Urban is familiar with EIS's work which goes back to 1983, so I don't want to represent that he's necessarily knowledgeable about every data point that was gathered.

MR. LAMBERT: Okay.

## BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Apart from the lists from before that I recited in my last question and apart from additional samples that were taken from the same monitoring wells, is there anything else that you're familiar with in the nature of soil or ground water investigation?
  - A. No.
- Q. Is there a schedule for, that has been followed for the sampling of the monitoring wells that have been installed, a quarterly or semiannual or monthly or something like that?
  - A. There is a schedule, yes.
  - Q. Is it quarterly?
- A. No. The schedule as defined in the monitoring planning plan for the system is that the recovery wells will be sampled quarterly and the monitoring wells will be sampled on a five



1 year basis.
2 Q. Ev
3 A. Th
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7 monitoring
8 A. We
9 monitoring

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- Q. Every five years?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Once every five years?
- A. Once every five years.
- Q. When was the last time that the monitoring wells were all sampled?
- A. We did a base line analysis of all the monitoring wells, I believe it was all the monitoring wells in September of 1992. I believe it was September, August, September. It was approximately a year ago.
- Q. When was the last sampling done prior to that round?
- A. The last complete sampling round prior to that was probably in 1988.
- Q. Was there a partial between 1988 and 1992?
  - A. Yes, there was.
  - Q. Was there one or more than one?
- A. I know there was one where we selected certain wells to help to evaluate the change if any in the plume characteristics.
  - Q. When was that done?



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- A. That was done, I believe, in 1991.
- Q. Apart from that sampling, can you think of any others other sampling rounds that were done, either full or partial, other than what you have mentioned?
- A. There were, there was one other sampling period where we wanted to gather some additional information on conventional pollutants for evaluating the concerns of the treatment system and we sampled a few select wells at the center line of the plume to look at things like BOD, chloride sulfates.
- Q. Did that also produce data with respect to VOC's?
  - A. I don't believe that did.
- Q. Since you have been involved in the project have all of the samples been collected and handled and analyzed in a manner that's consistent with standard protocols for those tasks?
  - A. Yes, it has.
- Q. You mention that sampling had been done of wells not installed by ENSR or by EIS, correct?



A. That's right.

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- Q. How many wells have been sampled over the course of the project that you're aware of, that is non-ENSR wells?
- A. The non-ENSR wells that I refer to are private wells for drinking water sources or for, in the case of industry, process water sources, I presume. I don't know the exact number of those wells. I'm guessing it's on the order of fifty.
- Q. Is there a log or a list that described each of the wells that has been sampled that you have seen?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Is it in one of the reports?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Do you recall which one it's in? I don't remember that.
- A. It either it's in one of the 1988 reports, either the preliminary or the final report.
- Q. Do you know whether the depth's of those wells, the depths at which they're screened is described in the reports?
  - A. I believe there is some description of



the screening if the information was available.

- Q. Do you know whether the residential wells or the wells of other industrial facilities in the area were used in connection with the attempt to define the extent of the plume or plumes?
- A. I did not develop the definition of the extent of the plume, but my understanding in talking with the people involved is that these private wells were used for the initial screening of determining where to put the monitoring wells and then the monitoring well data were used to define the extent of the plume.
- Q. You mention that work was done in, I think you said 1991 related to a reevaluation of the extent of the plumes, is that correct?
- A. There was a reevaluation of the nature of the plume.
  - Q. As opposed to the extent?
- A. Yes. The wells that we sampled, as I recall were, the contamination was known to exist and we wanted to determine whether that contamination, the contaminant level was changing, whether going up or whether going down.



- And was that for the purpose of evaluating the extent of the plume? It served the purpose of evaluating the nature of the plume. If the, the conclusion that was drawn was that the concentations have not significantly changed over the two or three year period since the previous sampling and therefore, the source was considered to be relatively constant. Was residential well data considered in Α. 13 resampled. 14
  - connection with that evaluation? I don't believe the wells were So as far as you know the residential wells have not been used by ENSR in defining the nature and extent of the plume, but rather only in connection with deciding where to place monitoring wells, is that fair? That's correct. The way residential wells were installed is there are, the procedures are potentially very different than the procedures for installing monitoring wells, as is There's a need to know the exact screen interval to understand what the information means



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and there are many unknowns about the nature of the residential wells, so therefore, any data that were collected from those wells could not be used with any degree of confidence.

Q. To the best of your knowledge, nondetects from residential wells were, have never
been used by ENSR to circumscribe or limit the
way in which a plume has been depicted in a
report?

MR. DAVIS: Objection, leading. You may answer.

THE WITNESS: To my knowledge they have not be used in that manner.

BY MR. LAMBERT:

Q. I was asking you before about ENSR's investigation of other potential sources of contamination in the area and we talked about Emerson and you said that you thought that the data related to Emerson showed the presence of both TCA and TCE. Has any investigation that ENSR has done or which has been done under its supervision shown the likely existence of a source of PCE contamination other than Gemeinhardt?



- A. I don't recall any sources of PCE specifically identified other than Gemeinhardt.
- Q. Can you recall any sources of TCE being specifically identified other than Gemeinhardt?
- A. The information from CBA site is what I would recall specific mention of that. Also other sites in the area that potentially used these types of materials.
- Q. Has ENSR or anyone working with it to your knowledge done anything to verify or to verify that other facilities in the area of used and discharged to the environment, TCA, TCE or PCE?
- A. The plume maps that were drawn which were based on the data that were collected showed plumes of chloronated solvents outside of the so-called Gymeinhardt plume.
- Q. And those were drawn based upon ground water data that had been collected, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. My question is whether or not there is any information of an empirical nature, that is information that was collected in the field at specific facilities that showed that TCA, TCE or



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- A. In one of the reports, I'm not sure exactly which one it is, 1988 report, I believe, there is a map and listing of numerous facilities in the area that have the potential to, I'll say contaminate the ground water; (Number 1), because of their use of or potential use of solvents, (Number 2), because of the fact that there was no sewer system in the area, so septic tanks and dry wells were common practice in the area.
- Q. Apart from that information, is there any other information that you're aware of that indicates that TCE, TCA or PCE have been released out of the facilities in the area apart from what we've already discussed?
- A. One area farther off site, I don't recall the details, the Walerko Tool, I believe they were a source of chlorinated solvents and I believe that's beyond the area that we're talking about.
  - Q. Anything else?
  - A. Nothing comes to mind right now.

    (Brief recess)



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MR. LAMBERT: Would you mark as 1 Exhibit 3 a report entitled Summary Report Soil 2 Remediation with Soil Vapor Extraction, January 3 1992? 5 \* () \* (Urban Exhibit No. 3, marked for identification.) 6 BY MR. LAMBERT: 7 This is actually only part of that 8 9 report. I copied the pages leading up to what I 10 had a question about. Α. Okay. 11 Do you recognize the document? 12 Ο. Yes, I do. 13 14 Is this a report that was submitted when you were project manager? 15 Yes, it was. 16 Α. It was submitted to EPA? 17 18 Α. Yes, it was. Relates to something you described 19 earlier which is the remediation of soil that was 20 left behind from the prior operation of the dry 21 22 wells? 23 Α. That's correct. 24 In the summary section on Page 2-1 it



Q.

says that two wells were excavated in 1984. 1 think before you had testified that maybe that 3 there were three that were excavated back then. Do you remember now that two were done in 1984, three were done just prior to 1992? Α. Two were excavated in 1984. Of the other three, only one was removed.

- Q. Are two still in place?
- I believe two are still in place. Α.
- Have all been remediated? Ο.
- Yes, the entire. Α.
- All been addressed in one way or Q. another?
  - That's correct.
- Would you look at the very last page of There is a the exhibit which is Table 3-1? reference going across the top to 10/5/88 and then there is one after that that is 7/85 and another one that's 7/85. Can you explain what the different columns relate to. In other words, what is the 10/5/88 column?
- The 10/5/88, the date of the Okay. sampling and that was a sampling that was done subsequent to the sampling that was done in 1985,



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which were the other two samples.

- Q. Were exactly the same borings sampled in both time periods?
- A. You can't sample exactly the same boring. You can sample close to the same location.
  - Q. Was that what happened?
- A. That's correct, but it was judged to be the same, the same designation of the sample.
- Q. Had anything been done to the soil that was sampled between 1985 and 1988 that you're aware of?
  - A. Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. Was any sampling done after 1988 in the area of these borings?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Was that done after the soil vapor extraction work was completed or while it was being completed?
  - A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Can you explain what the difference is between low level and medium?
- A. The results are presented that way because of two different methods of analysis.



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I'm not an analytical chemist, so I don't know exactly what the implication is, but there were these two methods of analysis done in 1985 to presumably get a better understanding of what was in the soils.

- Q. Can you provide us any help on what the difference is between low level and medium level?
- A. In the footnote here they do list the two methods.
- Q. Right, I read that, too, but that's why I still have a question.
- A. Okay. The difference, I believe, and again, I'm not an analytical chemist, but the methanol method was something that's being considered by certain people to improve the capture of volatile organics in soil samples and that's the only insight I can offer on those two at this point.
- Q. It's correct, is it not, that PCE was the last of the solvents used at the Gemeinhardt facility that was actually discharged with wastewater to the dry wells?
  - A. That's my understanding.
  - Q. And that was preceded by TCA and TCA was



Rebert H. Lange Co., Snc. Besten, Massachusetts (617) 523 1874 preceded by TCE?

- A. That's my understanding.
- Q. And is it also your understanding that the PCE was used roughly from 1980 until whenever it is the discharge stopped, somewhere around the end of 1984?
- A. As I recall, 1980 was probably reasonable start date of the PCE.
- Q. And do you remember that or do you remember reading at least that the start date for TCA was around 1972?
  - A. That's what I recall.
- Q. The start date for TCE is described as sometime in the 1940's. Can you be any more precise as to when TCE was first discharged?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Do you know when the plant started up?
- A. All I can say is that the report says that the plant began operation somewhere in the 1940's is what I recall the report saying.
- Q. To your knowledge has ENSR made any effort to determine exactly when in the 1940's it started up?
  - A. To my knowledge the information that's



in the report is all that ENSR knows.

- Q. Have any of the efforts to determine the extent of the TCE plume from the Gemeinhardt facility taken into account when the TCE discharge first began?
  - A. I'm not sure I understand your question.
- Q. ENSR has made various evaluations of the extent of the plumes that actually emanate from the Gemeinhardt facility as opposed to plumes that might be coming from somewhere else, is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. In the course of those evaluations has one of the factors that has been taken into account, is one of the factors that has been taken into account when it was that TCE was first discharged?
- A. In one of the ENSR reports there was a modeling study that was described that attempted to show how a plume could progress with the discharge at the Gemeinhardt modeling site. The modeling results are provided in that report and that the modeling -- I am not familiar with the details of it, but I understand that to be taking



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into consideration the geology and hydrogeological characteristics of the aquifer.

- Q. But the question is whether it took into account when the discharge started?
- A. I don't know for sure. I believe it did, because the results did attempt to show the progression of a plume over a period of time.
- Q. And do you know what date was assumed for the start of the TCE discharge?
  - A. No, I do not know.
- Q. Table 3-1 reports on PCE, concentrations but it doesn't mention TCA or TCE. Can you explain why it is that Table 3-1 only deals with PCE and not the other two contaminants?
  - A. The data from these borings showed PCE much, much greater than the other two components. As I recall, the levels of TCE and TCA were either non-detect or at much, much lower levels.
  - Q. Did ENSR develop a working theory as to what had happened to the TCE and TCA that had gone into the same dry wells?
- A. I don't recall any hypotheses as to what might have happened.



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Q. What is your understanding as to how the three contaminants made their way into the dry wells?

- A. My understanding is that there was a disposal system with underground piping to each of the dry wells and the wash waters were disposed of in this drainage system. I don't recall whether it was inside the facility or outside the facility where the actual drain was.
- Q. How did the solvents get into the wastewater?
- A. My understanding of their process is that they used the solvents for degreasing the materials that there manufacturing, these musical instruments and the instruments are then washed with water and the water washes off the solvents and becomes dissolved or entrained in the water and the water is what was disposed of.
- Q. To your knowledge did ENSR ever try to learn how much wastewater was discharged to the dry wells on either a daily basis or weekly basis or hourly basis or any other basis?
- A. I don't recall any numbers, but I believe there was an assessment of the amount of



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water, the nature of the washing activity to develop some kind of an estimate of the volume of water discharged.

- Q. Do you remember where that is to be found?
- A. I believe there was a discussion of that in the 1988 reports, the preliminary or final reports, but quite frankly, I don't recall exactly what was discussed.
- Q. I remember the discussion of the process, but the only number that I've seen is a 2,500 gallon, I think per day number that appears in one of the orders and I wondered whether or not and where the source of that number is described. I wonder if there is someplace you could direct me to so I could look to find out how much water was discharged as best as anybody can say.
- A. I don't recall. I'd say the fact that there, they did truck the water off site for a period of time after the dry wells were closed and the fact that they did design a wastewater treatment facility for this water, that there was some estimate of the volume of water that was



generated.

- -Q. Can you provide me with that, do you know?
- A. I do not have that information. My guess is that Mr. Nye of EIS who you will be talking to tomorrow will have that information readily available.
- Q. Do you know whether ENSR has ever tried to estimate how much actual solvent went down the dry wells in pounds or gallons?
- A. I recall some discussion of that two or three years ago, but I don't believe that we have ever done any kind of a firm calculation of the amount of material.
- Q. You never tried to do a mass balance calculation or anything like that?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Have you ever tried to find out how much solvent Gemeinhardt purchased on a yearly basis or monthly basis to help try to understand how much might have gone down the drain?
  - A. I'm not aware of any such activity.
- Q. To your knowledge has the modeling that has been done taken into account either the



volume of the wastewater discharge or the amount of solvent or the concentration of solvent that would have gone down into the dry well system?

- My understanding of the modeling is that it did not, although I'm not positive on that, but regarding the volume of water, my understanding of the aquifer, I'm not a hydrogeologist, but my understanding of the aquifer is that the volume of water that they were discharging would have negligible impact on any of the water flow regimes in the aguifer.
- Ο. Was the answer to my question no, that the question was whether any, whether it was taken into account on whether the amount of wastewater or the amount of the solvents was taken into account in the modeling? you're saying the water was not. Do you know whether the solvents were taken into account, the volume of the solvents or mass of solvents?
- My answer is that I do not know. understanding of the modeling is that it probably was not taken into account.
- How deep is the ground water beneath the Gemeinhardt facility, approximately?



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- A. It varies, but it's approximately fourteen, fifteen feet below the surface.
  - Q. How deep were the dry wells?
- A. I don't recall exactly, but I seem to recall something on the order of about six feet deep, but I am not sure of that.
- Q. Was there a gravel seepage bed at the Gemeinhardt facility?
- A. There is a septic field or a leach field of sorts at the north side of the building. The dry wells, I believe the construction was a gravel bed, but beyond that, I'm not aware of the details.
  - Q. Do you know what an injection well is?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. What's an injection well?
- A. Injection well is where water is pumped into a well and the well is screened such that the water could then flow into the aquifer.
- Q. Is there any difference in terms of how an injection well would operate and a dry well would operate with respect to impact of the material put into the well upon the aquifer?
  - A. In the sense that any liquid put into



the well will in fact flow into the aquifer, they are the same. The fact that this dry well may have been, or is to my knowledge above the water table, the flow would, from the well would tend to be downward as opposed to an injection well that is installed in the aquifer. Then the flow out of the injection well would then be outward, more of a horizontal plane.

MR. LAMBERT: Next I'd like to have marked as Exhibit 4 an excerpt from a document called Design Report for Ground Water Recovery and Treatment System, June 1991.

\*0\* (Urban Exhibit No. 4,

marked for identification.)

## BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Would you identify this as a report that ENSR prepared and submitted to EPA?
  - A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. This was done during your tenure?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you look at Figure 2-2, it's on

  Page 2-3. This figure shows the locations of

  three different recovery wells and my question to

  you is whether or not the recovery wells that are



now operating were installed in the locations shown in this figure?

- A. They are essentially correct. I would say that the Recovery Well Number 2 is more towards the west, towards towards the left in this drawing, but still within that corner of Krieghbaum and Hively Avenue.
- Q. So it's closer to the Krieghbaum and Hively, but still in the same block?
  - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Were you involved in the decision-making as to where the wells would be placed?
  - A. Yes, I was.
- Q. Could you explain the rationale for placing the three wells where they were placed, starting with RW-3 and then working back to RW-1? Not a lengthy explanation. Just, I'd just like to have a brief summary of the rationale.
- A. Okay. The wells needed to be placed within the plume area that was identified. The reason for having three wells is primarily to do these things. Recovery Well Number 3 intent was to capture the contamination reasonably close to the source. Recovery Well Number 2 originally



was intended to be down gradient, which would be to the north or up in this drawing of the CBA building shown in the drawing with the intent of capturing the known contamination at that site.

- Q. At the CBA site?
- A. At the CBA site, in other words, the plume showed high concentrations in that area.

  The intent would be that the Recovery Well Number 2 would help to capture that material. Recovery Well Number 1 was located to capture the leading edge of the plume.
- Q. Do you recall where the leading edge of the plume was envisioned to be at the time that the recovery well was planned for that location?
- A. Directly across the street from Recovery Well Number 1, which would be down in this drawing, because it's to the south is Monitoring Well Number 17 and that well came up clean when we sampled that well. That was installed later on in the process. Up gradient of that well there was contamination detected, so the assumption or the interpretation of that data was that the plume had not yet reached Recovery Well Number 1 location and therefore, the well was



located there to capture the plume.

- Q. When you say the plume had not yet reached that location, are you referring to the Gemeinhardt plume or are you referring to some combined plume?
- A. Because of the nature of the contamination here, it's a combined plume. We can't differentiate between the sources.
- Q. Apart from the Well Nest 17, was there any other basis for believing that the combined plume stopped short of Recovery Well Number 1?
- A. There was. There were other monitoring wells that indicated concentrations of or concentration or lack of these contaminants.

  Monitoring Well Number 11, I believe, was to the south and the east of that well showed some level of contamination. Recovery Well Number 13 to the north of that well showed no TCE or PCE. In one of the samples it did show some level of 1,1,1

  TCA. In subsequent samples it showed either nondetect or very low levels of any of the components. Based on this information, the extent of the plume was judged to be not yet at RW-1.



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- Q. Do you know how deep in the aquifer the three wells were screened?
- A. I don't know exactly. I know we have information that describes what the screening of these wells was.
- Q. Do you recall how the depths of the screens were determined? How did you decide where the screens would go?
- A. That decision is left to the hydrogeologist and what he or she believes is appropriate for what we know at that point and what we still need to know at that point, so that those decisions were made by a hydrogeologist.
- Q. I'm referring now to the recovery wells.
  - A. Oh, the recovery wells.
  - O. Yes.
- A. I'm sorry. I'll back up. The recovery well is screened through the entire depth of the aquifer and by that, I believe the screen depth for that well is, I believe it's 75 feet of screen. There is a drawing in this that does list that.
  - Q. If you turn to Page 2-8 do you see that



in the middle paragaph, the reference to 75 feet, 125 feet and 75 feet?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Are those numbers correct in the sense that that was actually done when the wells were put in?
- A. To my knowledge, yes, that is what was installed.
- Q. Turn back to Page 2-6 and there's a reference there in Table 2-1 to the estimated concentrations of VOC at recovery wells. Can you tell me how those numbers were arrived at?
- A. These numbers are intended to be design concentrations for the purpose of designing a recovery and treatment system that will continue to meet the discharge requirements. Therefore, the concentrations of each component were conservatively estimated based on the highest concentrations that were detected up gradient of the particular recovery well.
- Q. Look at RW-1 and could you explain to me how the 2,000 for TCA and 700 for TCE were derived?
  - A. They're based on the up gradient



concentrations of these, of these components.

Now, by up gradient, it would be up gradient up to the point of the next well, up gradient.

- Q. So what you're saying is that 2,000 parts per billion of TCA would have been the highest concentration observed between the locations of Recovery Well 2 and Recovery Well 1?
- A. That was the original approach to dealing with this. Now, that original approach was based on the location of the wells, the recovery wells in the original thinking which Recovery Well Number 2 would have been down gradient from the CBA property. With the relocation of the well, Recovery Well Number 2, the actual mechanism of choosing this concentration then involved a certain amount of engineering judgment based on the capture zone of the wells and the distances down gradient and that type of thing.
- Q: What was the rationale for moving the Recovery Well Number 2 from down gradient of the Emerson to up gradient of Emerson?
- A. It was a matter of access to the site to install a well. It's all private property in the



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area.

- Q. You said that the recovery system started in December of 1992?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And I think you said that the plan called for ENSR to report concentrations at the recovery wells on a quarterly basis, is that right?
- A. The monitoring plan states that we will monitor on a quarterly basis and we will report on an annual basis.
- Q. So the monthly reports don't have this data in them yet?
- A. The monthly reports are no longer being issued at EPA's, I would say permission. That's not the right word, but we're no longer issuing the monthly reports.
- Q. Has the data from the recovery wells been reported to EPA yet?
- A. Only from the start up period. We, in the, I believe it was the last monthly report that was issued, as we mentioned previously, the data from the recovery wells is included in that.
  - Q. When you say start up period, is that



1. December of 1992? 2 Α. That's right. So there's only been one set of data 3 0. that has been collected and reported from the recovery wells, is that right? 5 That's correct. 6 Α. 7 Q. And we would find that in the monthly 8 report for January? I believe it was January, yes. 9 Any chance of having 10 MR. LAMBERT: 11 that here tomorrow for the next gentleman along? 12 MR. DAVIS: I'll try, but I don't 13 know that this witness, Mr. Nye will be knowledgeable about it, but I'll see if I can dig 14 it out. 15 MR. LAMBERT: I'd like to ask the 16 17 reporter to mark with the next exhibit number a document called Final Report Hydrogeological 18 Investigation and Hazard Evaluation prepared by 19 ENSR in October of 1988. 20 **\*** () **\*** (Urban Exhibit No. 5, 21 22 marked for identification.) 23 BY MR. LAMBERT: This is an excerpt from that document.



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I believe it's everything but the appendices. 1 Are you familiar with this document? 3 Α. Yes, I am. 4 This was prepared before you became involved, I take it? 5 6 Α. That's right. 7 Ο. But are you familiar with its contents? Yes, I am. 8 Α. Did you review it for purpose in 9 10 preparation for the deposition?

- Α. Yes, I did.
- Am I correct that the, that one of the purposes for the hydrogeological investigation as described in the report was to determine the extent of the off site contamination derived from the Gemeinhardt facility?
  - I believe that was the purpose. Α.
- And this report contains an analysis of that subject, does it not?
  - Yes, it does. Α.
- And that analysis was based upon all of the data that was collected up to the time that the report was issued, is that correct?
  - Actually, in this document the sampling Α.



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1 from Well Nests 17 and 18, I believe, are not included in some of the analyses. 2 And when was the data from those two well nests available? I believe they were collected and the 5 6 samples were collected and the analyses were 7 completed in September of 1988. O. And the data from those well nests 8 9 including analytical data is reported in the 10 report? I believe it is, that's correct. 11 12 And are you saying that even though the data was reported, it was not taken into account? 13 It was not taken into account on some of 14 15 the, some of the sub parts of this report. 16 Why is that? Ο.

- A. I do not know why not.
- Q. How do you know that it wasn't taken into account?
- A. In discussions with the hydrogeologist that prepared parts of this report.
  - O. Is that Mr. Moore?
  - A. Mr. Moore.
  - Q. Did he tell you why it wasn't taken into



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Rebert H. Lange Co., Inc. Besten, Massachusetts (617) 523-1874 account?

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A. I don't recall why it may not have been taken into account except that the way reports are prepared, this report probably began in August, is my guess, of 1988 and maps were drawn based on the data that were available at the time and it goes through certain review cycles and updates and changes and the data that came in on the other well nests came in at the last minute and my guess -- I'm only guessing -- is that based on the nature of trying to get a report out, the data from those two wells were not included in every part of the analysis of the report.

- Q. Weren't those two wells installed with the specific purpose of trying to determine the extent of the plumes from Number 1, Gemeinhardt and Number 2, Emerson?
- A. They were installed with the intent of determining the extent of contamination for the purposes of determining extent and also evaluating remedial alternatives.
- Q. Have you actually asked Mr. Moore why the data from those two wells was not taken into



account in the analysis?

- A. I don't recall the exact conversation. We have talked about it. I don't recall if I asked him exactly what you have stated, but we have discussed why these data would not be included and as I recall, it was the discussion basically that I have just given to you.
- Q. Well, did he tell you that or are you speculating that that might have been the reason?
- A. I don't recall him exactly saying in those words, so I would have to say that on that basis, that I am speculating.
- Q. I'm a little bit confused now. Did you ever specifically inquire as to why the data from Well Nests 17 and 18 were not taken into account in the analysis that was submitted to EPA under the heading Final Report?
- A. I have inquired. The reason why I would inquire is that I, in designing the treatment system and trying to determine where the Recovery Well Number 1 should be, I needed to know the extent of contamination and understand where to place the well and for that reason, I had the discussions. I don't recall the exact nature of



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the discussions as to exactly why they were not included in here, but I know that Mr. Moore and I did discuss the, these additional data and what the implication of those additional data are on the extent of contamination.

- Q. Do you know whether the data from either of those wells was taken into account at all in the modeling that was described in the October 1988 report? In other words, do you know whether it was taken into account for any purpose?
- A. I'm not aware that the -- I guess to clarify, the plume -- If by modeling, are you referring to the plume maps?
- Q. That were generated by the modeling exercise.
- A. Okay. There are plume maps that are generated by evaluation of the data and there were also modeling, separate modeling runs that were conducted. I do not know how the data were incorporated if at all into that information except on the plume maps. In my discussions with Mike Moore, I understood that they were not included in the development of the plume maps. The plume maps are actually hand drawn. Those



are not computer generated maps. So there was an evaluation there of the data and they were not included in that.

- Q. Look at Figure 1-1. Can you tell us how the site area boundary was arrived at?
  - A. No, I can't. I think the --

MR. DAVIS: Don't speculate if you don't know.

THE WITNESS: Okay, fine.

## BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Would you look at Page 1-6? At the bottom of the indented portion of the text there is a sentence which says that the dissolved PCE can be traced to a point approximately 1,500 feet north northwest of the site. My question is whether that distance, if you know, was a conclusion of the hydrogeologist who drew the plume map or whether that was derived from the modeling that was done?
- A. I believe that was derived from the analyses of the monitoring wells.
- Q. Has ENSR ever estimated the number of feet per year that either ground water moves at through this area or that the VOC's that we've



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Deen talking about move at through the area?

A. According to the reports, they've
estimated the distance that ground water will
travel in a year.

Q. And what distance is that?

A. As I recall, the number was
approximately 150 feet per year.

- Q. Is that the same for each of the three compounds?
- A. That's the ground water. The movement of contaminants can vary. This is a fate and transport type of a question that I am not qualified to answer, but what I understand is that retardation factors can reduce the speed at which a particular contaminant will move in the ground water.
- Q. Did the data that came from Monitoring Wells 17 and 18 lead to any revision in the estimate as to the extent of the PCE plume for from the Gemeinhardt property?
- A. PCE was not detected in either of those monitoring wells, to my knowledge, to my recollection, and therefore, there was no change in the assessment of PCE plume.



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- 1 So the estimate that appears on Page 1-6 of 1,500 feet is still the working number as far 2 as ENSR is concerned? 3 As far as ENSR is concerned, considering 5 the time that's passed, but essentially. This was in 1988? Ο. Right. 7 Α. Right. And how many years had PCE been 8 9 discharged at the time this report was written? 10 If disposal began in 1980 and these 1 1 analyses were done in 1988, then there's a 12 potential for eight years. 13 And that would be approximately how many 14 feet per year for PCE? 15 Approximately 200. 16
  - Has ENSR done any work with respect to trying to differentiate the rate of transport of PCE versus TCE versus TCA?
  - This is an area that I am not well versed in in terms of fate transport, s so I do not know specifically what ENSR has done, although I would say that these contaminants are commonly found at various sites and ENSR has been doing a lot of work in fate and transport of



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these materials.

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- Q. Have you heard any discussions since you have been involved in this project with respect to whether it would be reasonable to expect one or the other of the three to move faster or slower than any of the other three?
  - A. I don't recall any specific discussions.
- Q. Has any investigation been done that you're aware of to determine whether there are any parts of the aquifer down gradient of Gemeinhardt that would inhibit the transport of contaminants with the ground water?

MR. DAVIS: Before he answers, let me just point out that this is a subject that's being looked at by our experts and may be the subject of expert testimony.

## BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Now you can answer.
- A. Okay. Again, I'm not a hydrogeologist and I don't know the implications of all the hydrogeological investigations. In terms of the plume map, there is an apparent change in the way the plume seems to be moving, but there's no clear explanation as to why that might be.



- Can you explain in a little more detail 0. what it is you're referring to? 2 At the CBA property there appears to be, 3 in the way the plume maps are drawn, there appears to be a slight shift in the movement of 5 the plume based on the limited data that were 6 available to draw that map. When you say based on a shift in the 8 movement, are you referring to the direction or 9 10 the rate? From my understanding, it is probably 11 the direction. 12 It seems to move a little more towards 13 the north and a little less towards the west? 14 15 Α. Correct. That information is based on, it's my understanding it's based on the data from 16 Monitoring Well Number 10. 17 Q. Has ENSR done any analyses or 18 19
  - investigation as to what might account for that?
    - Α. I do not know.
    - None that you're aware of? Q.
    - None that I'm aware of.
  - You said that the 1,500 foot limit for PCE came not from the modeling, at least to the



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best of your knowledge, but rather from the analysis of some hydrogeologist who was working without a model, is that right?

- A. That's my understanding.
- Q. Can you tell me whether there was some particular well or wells that were taken into account in arriving at that 1,500 foot estimate?
- A. I don't recall which well, whether it was Well Nest 12 or Well Nest 7 that would have shown that. I don't recall if PCE did show up in Well Nest 7 or not.
- Q. Throughout the report there are various references to the limits of plumes and I wanted to know whether or not, when the report refers to the limit of a plume, it is purporting to describe the point at which one would get a non-detect if one were to sample there as opposed to whether, as opposed to a point where one would get some other reading which was deemed to be somehow insignificant. Do you know the answer to that?
- A. My understanding of the extent of the plume at the far end is that it was based on a non-detect. If you recall, the extent of the



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plume as shown as dotted lines on some of the drawings and that's because we don't know exactly where up gradient of Monitoring Well Number 17 that the plume extends to, but because of the non- detects in 17, we, it was interpreted that the plume did not extend that far. With regard to the PCE plume, I do not know the exact rationale behind it, because I don't recall whether Well Nest 7 had PCE in it, but once again, this was an activity that was done by the hydrogeologist and I was not directly involved in the decision-making process.

Q. Would you turn to Page 2-3 and read the paragaph at the bottom to yourself? If you need to, you can look back to read more to get the context.

Let me tell you what my question is and then you can take a minute to read back if you need to.

- A. All right.
- Q. It refers in the very last line to the site and the site is used in different ways in different parts of the report. What I'd like to know is whether the site there refers to the



Gemeinhardt facility?

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- A. Based on the information here and the, my knowledge of the concentrations detected at both the CBA sites and at the Gemeinhardt property, presumably in Well Nest Number 5, the site in this case referred to the Gemeinhardt property, that would be my understanding.
- Q. Would you look at Page 2-4, please. Would you look at the bottom two bullets?
  - A. Okay.
  - Q. Where are Well Nest 17 and 18 screened?
  - A. I don't know the exact depths.
- Q. It says at the bottom of Page 2-4 that the purpose of these well locations was to investigate for the northern boundary of ground water borne VOC near the bedrock surface. Do you recall that they were screened near the bedrock surface?
- A. As I recall, they are screened -- One of the wells in each nest is screened near the bedrock surface. I don't know exactly how close, but the Well Nest 17 has another screened area that's well above that. Well Nest 18, I believe it's a three well nest. I don't recall exactly,



and that would be again screened at two different levels, well above the bottom of the well.

Q. Would you turn to the next page and look at the third bullet? Is it still your testimony

that to the best of your knowledge, at least, the data from Well 17 was not taken into account in the analysis of the extent of the plumes?

MR. DAVIS: I think he may have referred to particular figures.

MR. LAMBERT: I think he referred to figures, but he also referred to the analysis.

MR. DAVIS: Go ahead.

MR. LAMBERT: We can get to the bottom of that, though, easily enough.

## BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Does it refresh your recollection that it was taken into account in the analysis?
- A. The evaluation of the extent of the plume, it was taken -- It was not taken into account in the figures. I don't recall if it was explicitly taken into account in a narrative on the extent of the plume.
- Q. It's taken into account on Page 2-5, isn't it?



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1	A. That no VOC were detected in Well Nest
2	17.
3	Q. How do you know that it wasn't taken
4	into account in the drawing of the plumes
5	associated with this report?
6	A. When I
7	MR. DAVIS: Do you want to look at
8	the drawing?
9	THE WITNESS: No, I think I
10	recall. When I This was done before my tim
11	on the project. When I looked at the plume maps
12	and tried to understand how they were drawn, the
13	question arose whether I raised it, whether
1,4	somebody brought it up, that's where I was
15	asking, trying to understand what was done and
16	what the sequence of events was and to my
17	recollection, that's how it was, it was brought
18	to my attention that the data from Well Nest 17
19	was not incorporated into the plume maps.
20	BY MR. LAMBERT:
21	Q. When did you find that out?
22	A. I can't recall exactly whether it was

- -- It was probably in, I'm guessing in 1992.
- No. Can I reevaluate?



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Robert H. Lange Co., Inc. Besten, Massachusetts (617) 523-1874 Q. Sure.

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A. I'm thinking. If I can put a date on it, it would have come while we were trying to understand the location and pumping rates of the Recovery Well Number 1 and in order to understand what was going on and how much we had to pump, I needed to look at the plume maps, so that's -- I don't know the exact date, but I'm thinking it may have been somewhere in the order of 1991.

- Q. Is it your belief that all of the plume maps and all of the modeling maps contained in this report are erroneous for failure to include the data from Monitoring Well 17?
- A. No. In redoing the plume maps, first of all, the PCE map, there is no impact from those two monitoring wells. The TCE map, if I got these correct -- Maybe I should look at these, but I believe it was the TCE map the data from Well Nest 18 was consistent with the map and as was the, in that plume map in this report, the extent of the plume was not as far as Well Nest 17, so therefore, there would be no need to change that map, as I recall, in terms of -- right, in terms of Well Nest 17 data.



- Q. You're saying that the TCA map remained the same?

  A. TCE.
  - Q. The TCE remained the same?
- A. TCE would have remained essentially the same. I believe additional data makes some slight changes, but the extent of the plume stays basically the same. The TCA map, the 1,1,1 TCA map there were changes made and the nature of those changes was that Well Nest 17 indicated that the plume had not yet reached that distance and therefore, the map was redrawn to show the extent of the plume to be upgraded, but the furthest extent of the plume be up gradient of Well Nest 17.
  - Q. This is the TCA plume?
- A. The TCA plume. I hope I have that right. I believe I have that correct in terms of the -- I'll check the model. Here we go. Maybe I should confirm that before -- Okay, TCA plume was changed, that's right.
  - Q. To be shorter?
  - A. To be shorter.
  - Q. Was TCE detected in Well Nest 17?



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1	A. In the 1988 samples it was not.
2	Q. Subsequently?
3	A. Subsequently there were trace amounts of
4	TCE detected.
5	MR. DAVIS: Excuse me. What well
6	are we at?
7	MR. LAMBERT: 17.
8	THE WITNESS: As I recall, there
9	was a trace of TCE detected at Well Nest 17 in
10	subsequent sampling.
11	BY MR. LAMBERT:
12	Q. Would you look at Figure 3-4? This is
13	one of three figures that show a seventy year
14	simulation for the three plumes, is that right?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Do you know why the simulation was cut
17	off at the point where it was cut off?
18	A. Do you mean the furthest extent?
19	Q. Yes, at the down gradient.
20	A. That line? I do not know.
21	Q. Do you know why the 200 ppb
22	concentration was used to reflect the outer
23	lateral extent of the plume?
24	A. I am not a ground water modeler. I



don't know exactly why 200. My guess is with the 1 modeling has a certain level of accuracy that to try and go beyond anything like 200 would be 3 trying to show more than the models can really 4 5 do, based on the limited information available. 6 Ο. Is that your understanding or is that a quess? That's my understand -- Based on my 8 9 limited knowledge of the modeling, that's my

hypothesis.

MR. DAVIS: You're not allowed to

MR. DAVIS: You're not allowed to guess.

## BY MR. LAMBERT:

- Q. Do you have any understanding based upon discussions, did you ever ask anybody why it was done that way?
  - A. No, I didn't.
- Q. The Figure 3-6, which is the TCE simulation, uses an outer, uses a concentration 20, not 200. Do you know why that was?
  - A. No, I don't.
  - Q. Would you look at Page 3-13?
  - A. Okay.
    - Q. Bottom paragaph. There's a reference



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there to 9,000 micrograms per liter.

A. Yes.

- Q. What do you understand to be the source of the 9,000 microgram number, is that a ground water --
  - A. Monitoring data.
  - Q. Monitoring well data?
  - A. That's right.

I don't know if I should raise this or not, but I realize on this modeling, to answer the question of why it goes to 200 in one and 20 in the other -- Again, I'm surmising, but the contour interval is 200 in one and 20 in the other and you can't go to zero, so it's the lowest contour level that you are capable of plotting having a constant contour interval, in one case being 200 and in the other case being 20.

- Q. What is it that precludes you from plotting a lower concentration 200 than lack of data?
- A. If you have a constant contour interval, then the outer contour would be zero and my guess is that -- I'm not allowed to guess, I'm not



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supposed to quess, but I would surmise that the 1 2 models do not allow you to go all the way to zero. 3 Look at Figure 4-1. This is model 5 generated, is that correct? This is hand drawn. . 6 Α. 7 Hand drawn. And this is a combined Q.

- plume depiction, is that right?
- This is the PCE plume. I'm not sure what I understand what you mean by combined.
- Well, there's one later on that purports Ο. to show just the Gemeinhardt plume. I presume this reflected both together?
  - This reflects the data collected. Α.
- Okay. This has 100 ppb contour. Do you Ο. know why the contour was not a lower ppb number? This is not a computer --
- I do not know that, why it was not drawn.
- Ο. Okay. I wonder if I can shortcut this. I have a bunch of questions about why things were depicted in certain ways in this report and I now understand that the only way you'd be able to answer that question is, would be if you happened



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remembered the answer. Rather than go through all of my questions and get I'm not supposed to guess as the answer, let me try this. Have you asked to have explained to you any of the aspects of this report so that if I asked you by chance the question that happened to hit upon one of them, there might be a chance I'd get an answer that was, that reflected the views of somebody who was actually involved in its preparation?

A. When I was working on, when I took over the project management of this and tried to understand what was done and how do I interpret this information, I did ask people about these particular drawings and data gathering efforts and that type of thing. It would be hard to say whether or not I can remember exact conversations and the nature of why certain conversations took place. But I tried to gain an understanding of what was done with the intent of understanding how the remediation system was going to work.

Q. Well, let me try another question.

Bottom of Page 4-1 it refers to Figure 4-1, which is the PCE plume and it says that the plume



extends from the site to a point approximately 1,400 feet to the north northwest. 2 And it says 3 at the last sentence that the highest concentration detected at the north northwest edge of the plume was 4,400 micrograms per If 4,400 micrograms per liter were detected at the north northwest edge of the 7 plume, what is the justification, what is the rationale for showing 100 ppb contour as opposed 10 to a 4,000 contour or some number in between? 11 A. My interpretation of that would be that 12 13 14

- Well Nest 7 came up clean as far as PCE was concerned and therefore, there was a need to have that concentration contour drop relatively quickly as we move closer to Well Nest 7.
- And why isn't it dotted or dashed if that's what happened?
  - That I don't know.
- If that were the way it was done, Ο. would be appropriate to show it as dashed, wouldn't it?
- I would say to be consistent with the TCE plume, that would probably be a reasonable way of presenting the data.



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1	Q. You mentioned that there had been
2	discussion about phenomenon that appeared to
3	cause the plume to take a more northerly course
4	at a certain point. Where is that in
5	relationship to the plume that's shown on 4-1?
6	A. It does not show on Figure 4-1.
7	Q. It's not there anywhere on that. In
8	other words, can you tell me where it is using
9	Figure 4-1?
10	A. If I used Figure 4-1, the interpretation
11	of the plume data would be that at Well Nest 10.

Q. Yes.

can you find that?

- A. Okay. There at that point, because of the concentrations detected in that well nest, there appeared to be a change in the plume shape.
- Q. Okay. Can you tell me whether the 1,400 feet for the PCE plume was measured from the northwest edge of the plume where the concentration was 4,400 or from the hundred foot contour that goes beyond that?
  - A. I don't know.
- Q. On Page 4-5 at the top of the page there's a point I wanted to ask you about. Let



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1 me tell you what my question is and then you can decide how far back you want to read. Before the 3 discussion of the TCA plume there is a sentence that additional well nests would have to be installed to determine if this condition exists. 5 I didn't want to ask you about this condition 6 7 I just wanted to know whether or not additional well nests were ever installed to evaluate it? 9

- A. Let me read -- Okay. The answer is no additional wells were installed.
- Q. Do you know whether the data from Monitoring Wells 17 or 18 has been utilized to try to provide an explanation for the extended plume center that's referred to here?
- A. Monitor Wells 17 and 18 are well beyond this plume. As I recall there was no PCE detected in either of those wells, so it did not become an issue.
- Q. So the uncertainty that's referenced at the top of Page 4.4-5 still exists as far as ENSR is concerned?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Figure 4-3, please. My question is



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whether this is one of the figures that you felt
had to be revised after taking into account the
data from Wells 17 and 18?

A. Yes, it is.

Q. Figure 4-5, do you have that?

A. 4-5.

Q. Yeah, it's on Page 4-8.

A. Okay.

Q. Nests 17 and 18 show up on this particular figure, do they not?

A. Yes, they do.

Q. Did you inquire how it could be that they were taken into account on that figure, but not taken into account on Figure 4-3?

MR. DAVIS: I object. It's not apparent that they were taken into account, although they do appear there. Go ahead.

BY MR. LAMBERT:

Q. Go ahead.

A. Would you just ask the question again?

Q. Yeah. When you were inquiring about how these figures came to be done the way they were done and someone told you that the data from 17 and 18 was not taken into account in drawing some



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91 of these figures, did you point out to them that 1 here's one figure that does reference the two wells? 4 Α. I don't recall asking that question. Figure 4-11, please? 5 What is Figure . 0. 4-11? 6

- This is a model simulation of TCE plume Α. assuming Gemeinhardt is the only source.
  - Do you see Nest 17 there? Ο.
  - Yes, I do. Α.
  - What is that little elliptical circle around the marker for the nest mean?
  - That marker, according to the explanation, indicates that's in the simul --I'm sorry. It's a well where nothing was detected.
  - So does that tell you that for this particular simulation, at least, the person who did it took Well 17 data into account?
  - This indicates that the person who did Α. this, who prepared the drawing was aware of the Well 17 data.
  - Did you notice this when you were asking people questions about how they drew the plumes



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the way they did? 1. 2 I don't recall noticing this. Figure 4-12, please. Can you explain 3 the methodology used to prepare this figure? 4 My understanding what was done here is 5 the results of the evaluation of various sources 6 7 were attempted to be put on a single drawing, but I do not know the details of the process by which 8 the person who did this prepared the drawing. 10 You're not familiar with the way the modeling was done, I take it, in connection with 11 12 this report? Not, no, not the specifics of the 13 modeling. 14 15 Let me ask you a couple questions about another document. 16 MR. LAMBERT: This is the December 17 1988 ENSR report entitled Remedial Action 18 Evaluation and Recommendation. Could this be 19 marked with the next number, please? 20 (Urban Exhibit No. 6, 21 marked for identification.) 22 BY MR. LAMBERT: 23



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Would you look at Figure 1-3 on Page

1	1-9? Does Figure 1-3 accurately show where
2	alternative water supplies were installed in the
3	down gradient of the Gemeinhardt facility?
4	A. This is my understanding what was
5	installed. I do not know the details of what was
6	finally installed in the area.
7	Q. Figure 2-2. Do you know who prepared
8	this figure individually?
9	A. No, I don't. This was before I was
10	involved with the project.
11	MR. LAMBERT: Can we take a short
12	break? We're getting to the end.
13	MR. DAVIS: Sure.
14	(Brief recess)
15	MR. LAMBERT: Just a couple more
16	questions. This is a letter apparently from Mr.
17	Urban to Joseph Horowitz dated December 24, 1991
18	to which is attached a November 4, 1991 internal
19	ENSR memo. Mark it with the next number,
20	please.
21	*0* (Urban Exhibit No. 7,
22	marked for identification.)
23	BY MR. LAMBERT:
24	Q. Can you identify the cover letter and



the attachment, please?

- A. Yes. Apparent -- Actually, this letter was an attachment as a whole.
  - Q. I'm sorry, I couldn't hear you.
- A. This letter was an attachment as a whole to, I believe it was to an EPA progress report.

  I should say a progress report to the EPA, monthly progress report.
- Q. And that progress report attached a copy of your letter to Mr. Horowitz which attached a copy of the internal memo?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Is this the first written statement of the rationale for revising the plume maps?
  - A. I believe that is the case.
- Q. Is there any other document that contains either this rationale or a similar rationale or a different rationale, any rationale?
  - A. Not that I recall.
- Q. Am I right in understanding that the whole reason for revising the plume maps was the data from Well Nest 17?
  - A. The plume maps were revised to reflect



the data from Well Nest 17. If that's saying the 1 same thing, yes. 2 3 Has Well 17 been sampled since the time that the data was collected that is referred to 4 5 on the first page of the November 4 memo? says it was sampled in September of 1991. 6 I'm sorry, can you repeat that? 7 Α. Ο. Has it been sampled since then? 8 Since September of 1991? - 9 A . . 10 Yeah. Q. 11 Yes, it was sampled approximately a year ago when we did the complete round of sampling. 12 Is that the only time it's been sampled 13 14 since then? MR. DAVIS: Let me interject that 15 they have been out sampling during the last 16 It may be included in that, as well. 17 BY MR. LAMBERT: 18 Apart from that, has it been sampled any 19 other time that you know of? 20 I don't believe so. 21 Α. MR. LAMBERT: That's all I have. 22 23 MR. MASON: No questions. 24 MR. DAVIS: No questions.





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1	CERTIFICATE
2	I, DAVID B. URBAN, do hereby certify that I have read the foregoing transcript of my testimony
3	given on September 27, 1993, and I further certify that said transcript is a true and
4	accurate record of said testimony (with the exception of the following corrections listed
5	below):
6	Page Line Correction
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17	Dated at, this
18	day of, 1993.
19	, 1333.
20	DEPONENT
21	Read and signed before me this day of



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Robert H. Lange Co., Inc. Beston, Massachusetts (617) 523-1874

Notary Public My commission expires:

## COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK

I, CYNTHIA F. STUTZ, Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public duly commissioned and qualified in and for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, do hereby certify that there came before me on the 27th day of September, 1993, at 1:08 o'clock p.m., the person hereinbefore named, who was by me duly sworn to testify to the truth and nothing but the truth of his knowledge touching and concerning the matters in controversy in this case; that he was thereupon examined upon his oath, and his examination reduced to typewriting under my direction; and that the deposition is a true record of the testimony given by the witness to the best of my ability.

I further certify that I am neither attorney nor counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the action in which this deposition is taken; and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties hereto or financially interested in the action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 12th day of October, 1993.

CYNTHIA F. STUTZ, Notary Public My commission expires: September 4, 1998

